

Australian Government

Department of Industry, Science and Resources National Measurement Institute



CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NMIA D785b: Hydromorphone hydrochloride

Report ID: D785b.2020.03

Chemical Formula: C₁₇H₁₉NO₃.HCl

Molecular Weight: 321.8 g/mol (HCl), 285.3 g/mol (base)

Certified value

HO	
O., H	
	NМе
0	HCI

Batch No.	CAS No.	Purity (mass fraction)
07-D-14	71-68-1 (HCI) 466-99-9 (base)	99.8 ± 0.4%

The uncertainty has been calculated according to ISO Guide 35 and is stated at the 95% confidence limit (k = 2).

IUPAC name: (5a)-3-Hydroxy-17-methyl-4,5-epoxymorphinan-6-one hydrochloride

Expiration of certification: The property values are valid till 27 April 2025, i.e. five years from the date of re-certification provided the **unopened** material is handled and stored in accordance with the recommendations below. The material as issued in the unopened container and stored as recommended below should be suitable for use beyond this date, subject to confirmation of batch stability from the issuing body. The expiry date/shelf life does not apply to sample bottles that have been opened. In such cases it is recommended that the end-user conduct their own in-house stability trials.

Description: Off-white powder sourced from an external supplier, and certified for identity and purity by NMIA. Packaged in amber glass bottles with a septum and crimped aluminium cap or screw top cap.

Intended use: This certified reference material is suitable for use as a primary calibrator.

Instructions for use: Equilibrate the bottled material to room temperature before opening.

Recommended storage: When not in use this material should be stored at or below 25 °C in a closed container in a dry, dark area.

Metrological traceability: The certified purity value is traceable to the SI unit for mass (kg) through Australian national standards via balance calibration. In the mass balance approach all impurities are quantified as a mass fraction and subtracted from 100%.

Stability: This material has demonstrated stability over a minimum period of five years. The measurement uncertainty at the 95% confidence interval includes a stability component which has been estimated from annual stability trials. The long-term stability of the compound in solution has not been examined.

Homogeneity assessment: The homogeneity of the material was assessed using purity assay by GC-FID on ten randomly selected 1-2 mg sub samples of the material. The material was judged to be sufficiently homogeneous at this level of sampling as the variation in analysis results between samples was not significantly different at a 95% confidence level from that observed on repeat analysis of the same sample.

Safety: Treat as a hazardous substance. Use appropriate work practices when handling to avoid skin or eye contact, ingestion or inhalation of dust. Refer to the provided safety data sheet.

Report ID: D785b.2020.03 Product release date: 4 October 2007

S.R. Davies

Dr Stephen R. Davies, Team Leader, Chemical Reference Materials, NMI. 15 September 2022

This report supersedes any issued prior to 15 September 2022.

NATA Accreditation No. 198 / Corporate Site No. 14214.

Legal notice: Terms and Conditions associated with the provision of this reference material can be found on the NMIA website.

Characterisation Report:

The identity was confirmed by a range of spectroscopic techniques, NMR, IR and MS. The certified purity value was obtained by mass balance from a combination of traditional analytical techniques, including GC-FID, thermogravimetric analysis, Karl Fischer analysis and ¹H NMR spectroscopy. The purity value is calculated as per Equation 1.

Purity = (100 % - I_{ORG}) x (100 % - I_{VOL} - I_{NVR})

Equation 1

 I_{ORG} = Organic impurities of related structure, I_{VOL} = volatile impurities, I_{NVR} = non-volatile residue.

April 2015 and 2020)

Supporting evidence is provided by qualitative elemental microanalysis.

GC-FID:	Instrument:	Varian CP-3800	
	Column:	HP-5, 30 m × 0.32 mm l.D. × 0.25 μm	
	Program:	180 °C (1 min), 8 °C/min to 300°C (4 min)	
	Injector:	220 °C	
	Detector Temp:	320 °C	
	Carrier:	Helium	
	Split ratio:	20/1	
	Relative mass fraction of the main component as free base:		
	Initial analysis:	Mean = 99.9%, s = 0.02% (10 sub samples in duplicate, September 2007)	
	Re-analysis:	Mean = 99.9%, s = 0.04% (5 sub samples in duplicate, May 2010)	
	Re-analysis:	Mean = 99.9%, s = 0.01% (7 sub samples in duplicate, April 2015)	
	Re-analysis:	Mean = 99.9%, s = 0.02% (5 sub samples in duplicate, April 2020)	
Thermogravir	netric analysis:	Volatile content 0.13% (October 2008) and non volatile residue < 0.2% mass fraction (October 2007)	
Karl Fischer a	analysis:	Moisture content < 0.2% mass fraction (August 2007, September 2008, December 2009,	

Spectroscopic and other characterisation data

	Agilent 6890/5973 ZB-5, 30 m × 0.25 mm l.D. × 0.20 μ m 220 °C (1 min), 10 °C/min to 300 °C (6 min) 250 °C 280 °C Helium, 1.0 mL/min 20/1 refree base is reported along with the major peaks in the mass spectrum. The latter are ge ratios and (in brackets) as a percentage relative to the base peak. 286 (20), 285 (M ⁺ , 100), 229 (29), 228 (29), 214 (23), 200 (16), 171 (16), 115 (15), 96 (15) <i>m/z</i>
Conditions:	Kieselgel 60F ₂₅₄ . methanol/28% ammonia solution $(100/1)$ Single spot observed, R _f = 0.42. (3 samples) Visualisation with UV at 254 nm
Instrument: Range: Peaks:	Biorad FTS300MX FT-IR 4000-400 cm ⁻¹ , KBr pellet 3042, 2536, 2362, 1717, 1637, 1499, 1462, 1313, 1273, 1020, 977, 817, 737, 593 cm ⁻¹
Instrument: Field strength: Solvent: Spectral data:	Bruker 600 600 MHz D_2O (4.79 ppm) δ 1.12 (1H, t, $J = 12.7$ Hz), 1.93 (1H, d, $J = 13.7$ Hz), 2.02 (1H, d, $J = 13.0$ Hz), 2.35 (2H, m), 2.65 (1H, ddd, $J = 14.2$, 14.2, 4.6 Hz), 2.81 (1H, t, $J = 14.0$ Hz), 2.88 (1H, bd, $J = 11.5$ Hz), 2.91-3.01 (1H, m), 2.96 (3H, s, NMe), 3.26 (1H, d, $J = 19.7$ Hz), 3.32 (1H, d, $J = 11.4$ Hz), 4.04 (1H, s), 5.08 (1H, s), 6.76-6.90 (2H, m) ppm
Instrument: Field strength: Solvent: Spectral data:	Bruker 300 75.6 MHz D ₂ O δ 20.1, 24.4, 32.4, 38.7, 39.4, 40.6, 45.2, 47.6, 61.0, 90.3, 118.4, 121.2, 122.6, 125.4, 138.5, 143.5, 212.1 ppm
Found: Calculated:	C = 63.7 %, H = 6.5 %; N = 4.4% (September 2007) C = 63.5 %, H = 6.3 %; N = 4.4% (Calculated for $C_{17}H_{19}NO_3.HCI$)
	Column: Program: Injector: Transfer line temp: Carrier: Split ratio: The retention time of the reported as mass/charged 5.18 min: Conditions: Instrument: Range: Peaks: Instrument: Field strength: Solvent: Spectral data: Found: