



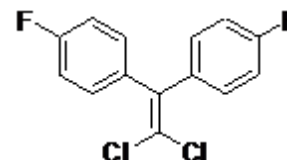
REFERENCE MATERIAL PRODUCT INFORMATION SHEET

NMIA P1310b: 2,2-Bis (p-fluorophenyl)-1,1-dichloroethene

Report ID: P1310b.2016.04

Chemical Formula: C₁₄H₈Cl₂F₂

Molecular Weight: 285.1 g/mol



Property value

Batch No.	CAS No.	Purity estimate
16-AV-01	569-74-4	98.1%

IUPAC name: 1,1'-(2,2-Dichloro-1,1-ethenediyl)bis(4-fluorobenzene).

Expiration of certification: The property values are valid till 20 January 2019, i.e. three years from the date of re-certification provided the **unopened** material is handled and stored in accordance with the recommendations below. The material as issued in the unopened container and stored as recommended below should be suitable for use beyond this date, subject to confirmation of batch stability from the issuing body. The expiry date/shelf life does not apply to sample bottles that have been opened. In such cases it is recommended that the end-user conduct their own in-house stability trials. The material will be re-tested on an annual basis to ensure that the property values are still valid. In the event a product fails the stability trial, notification will be sent to all impacted customers.

Description: Off-white powder prepared by synthesis, and certified for identity and purity by NMIA. Packaged in amber glass bottles with a septum and crimped aluminium cap or screw top cap.

Intended use: This reference material is recommended for qualitative analysis only.

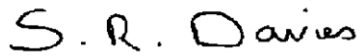
Instructions for use: Equilibrate the bottled material to room temperature before opening.

Recommended storage: When not in use this material should be stored at or below 25 °C in a closed container in a dry, dark area.

Stability: In the absence of long term stability data the stability of this material has been judged from stability trials conducted on similar materials by NMI Australia over the last ten years. The long-term stability of the compound in solution has not been examined.

Homogeneity assessment: The homogeneity of the material was assessed using purity assay by GC-FID on ten randomly selected 1-2 mg sub samples of the material. The material was judged to be sufficiently homogeneous at this level of sampling as the variation in analysis results between samples was not significantly different at a 95% confidence level from that observed on repeat analysis of the same sample.

Safety: Treat as a hazardous substance. Use appropriate work practices when handling to avoid skin or eye contact, ingestion or inhalation of dust. Refer to the provided safety data sheet.



Dr Stephen R. Davies,
Team Leader,
Chemical Reference Materials, NMI.
16 August 2022

This report supersedes any issued prior to 16 August 2022.

NATA Accreditation No. 198 / Corporate Site No. 14214.

Legal notice: Terms and Conditions associated with the provision of this reference material can be found on the NMIA website.

Characterisation Report:

The identity was confirmed by a range of spectroscopic techniques, NMR, IR and MS. Impurities of related structure were assessed by GC-FID. The purity estimate was obtained by mass balance from a combination of traditional analytical techniques, including GC-FID, thermogravimetric analysis, Karl Fischer analysis and ¹H NMR spectroscopy. The purity value is calculated as per Equation 1.

$$\text{Purity} = (100 \% - I_{\text{ORG}}) \times (100 \% - I_{\text{VOL}} - I_{\text{NVR}}) \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

I_{ORG} = Organic impurities of related structure, I_{VOL} = volatile impurities, I_{NVR} = non-volatile residue.

Supporting evidence is provided by qualitative headspace GC-MS analysis of occluded solvents and elemental microanalysis.

GC-FID: Instrument: Agilent 7890
Column: HP-1MS, 30 m × 0.32 mm I.D. × 0.25 μm
Program: 100 °C (1 min), 15 °C/min to 250 °C, 30 °C/min to 300 °C (3 min)
Injector: 200 °C
Detector Temp: 320 °C
Carrier: Helium
Split ratio: 20/1
Relative peak area of the main component:
Initial analysis: Mean = 98.2%, s = 0.01% (10 sub samples in duplicate, January 2016)

GC-FID: Instrument: Agilent 7890
Column: HP-5, 30 m × 0.32 mm I.D. × 0.25 μm
Program: 100 °C (1 min), 15 °C/min to 250 °C, 30 °C/min to 300 °C (3 min)
Injector: 200 °C
Detector Temp: 320 °C
Carrier: Helium
Split ratio: 20/1
Relative peak area of the main component:
Initial analysis: Mean = 98.2%, s = 0.01% (10 sub samples in duplicate, January 2016)

Karl Fischer analysis: Moisture content < 0.1% mass fraction (January 2016)

Thermogravimetric analysis: Non volatile residue < 0.2% mass fraction (February 2016). The volatile content (e.g. organic solvents and/or water) could not be determined by thermogravimetric analysis.

Spectroscopic and other characterisation data

GC-MS:	Parent compound:	
	Instrument:	Agilent 6890/5973
	Column:	HP-1MS, 30 m x 0.25 mm I.D. x 0.25 μ m
	Program:	180 °C (1 min), 10 °C/min to 220 °C, 20 °C/min to 300 °C (3 min)
	Injector:	180 °C,
	Split ratio:	20/1
	Transfer line temp:	280 °C
	Carrier:	Helium, 1.0 mL/min
	Scan range:	50-550 <i>m/z</i>
	The retention time of the parent compound is reported with the major peaks in the mass spectra. The latter are reported as mass/charge ratios and (in brackets) as a percentage relative to the base peak.	
	Parent (8.7 min):	288 ($M^+(2Cl^{37})$, 22), 286 ($M^+(Cl^{35}+Cl^{37})$, 78), 284 ($M^+(2Cl^{35})$, 88), 248 (35), 214 (100), 193 (25), 124 (30) <i>m/z</i>
HS-GC-MS:	Instrument:	Agilent 6890/5973/G1888
	Column:	DB-624, 30 m x 0.25 mm I.D. x 1.4 μ m
	Program:	50 °C (5 min), 7 °C/min to 120 °C, 15 °C/min to 220 °C (8.3 min)
	Injector:	150 °C
	Split ratio:	50/1
	Transfer line temp:	280 °C
	Carrier:	Helium, 1.2 mL/min
	Solvents detected:	No solvent detected
TLC:	Conditions:	Kieselgel 60F ₂₅₄ . Hexane/chloroform (4/1) Single spot observed, $R_f = 0.8$. visualisation by UV at 254 nm.
IR:	Instrument:	Bruker Alpha Platinum ATR
	Range:	4000-400 cm^{-1} , neat
	Peaks:	1600, 1503, 1222, 1156, 973, 823, 769, 583, 546 cm^{-1}
¹ H NMR:	Instrument:	Bruker Avance III-500
	Field strength:	500 MHz
	Solvent:	CDCl ₃ (7.26 ppm)
	Spectral data:	δ 7.03 (4H, m), 7.25 (4H, m) ppm Methanol and silicone grease estimated at 0.04% and 0.06% mass fraction respectively were observed in the ¹ H NMR.
¹³ C NMR:	Instrument:	Bruker Avance III-500
	Field strength:	126 MHz
	Solvent:	CDCl ₃ (7.26 ppm)
	Spectral data:	δ 115.6 (d, <i>J</i> = 21 Hz), 120.1, 131.4 (d, <i>J</i> = 9 Hz), 135.3 (d, <i>J</i> = 4 Hz), 138.7, 162.4 (d, <i>J</i> = 250 Hz) ppm
Melting point:		43-44 °C
Microanalysis:	Found:	C = 59.1%; H = 2.8%; Cl = 24.8%; F = 13.2% (January 2016)
	Calculated:	C = 59.0%; H = 2.8%; Cl = 24.9%; F = 13.3% (Calculated for C ₁₄ H ₈ Cl ₂ F ₂)