

Australian Government

Department of Industry, Science and Resources National Measurement Institute





CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NMIA P1373c: Dibromo-DDE

Report ID: P1373c.2024.01 (Bottled 240520)

Chemical Formula: C14H8Br2Cl2

Molecular Weight: 406.9 g/mol

Certified value

	Cl	CI	
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Br	//	\checkmark	Br

Batch No.	CAS No.	Purity (mass fraction)
20-AV-02	21655-73-2	99.3 ± 0.7%

The uncertainty has been calculated according to ISO Guide 35 and is stated at the 95% confidence limit (k = 2).

IUPAC name: 1,1'-(2,2-Dichloro-1,1-ethenediyl)bis(4-bromobenzene).

Expiration of certification: The property values are valid till 13 June 2029, five years from the date of re-certification provided the **unopened** material is handled and stored in accordance with the recommendations below. The material as issued in the unopened container and stored as recommended below should be suitable for use beyond this date, subject to confirmation of batch stability from the issuing body. The expiry date/shelf life does not apply to sample bottles that have been opened. In such cases it is recommended that the end-user conduct their own in-house stability trials.

Description: Colourless, needle-like crystals were prepared by synthesis, and certified for identity and purity by NMIA. Packaged in amber glass bottles with a septum and crimped aluminium cap or screw top cap.

Intended use: This certified reference material is suitable for use as a primary calibrator.

Instructions for use: Equilibrate the bottled material to room temperature before opening.

Recommended storage: When not in use this material should be stored at or below 4 °C in a closed container in a dry, dark area.

Metrological traceability: The certified purity value is traceable to the SI unit for mass (kg) through Australian national standards via balance calibration. In the mass balance all impurities are quantified as a mass fraction and subtracted from 100%. Quantitative NMR provides an independent direct measure of the mass fraction of the analyte of interest, calibrated with an internal standard certified for purity (mass fraction).

Stability: This material has demonstrated stability over a minimum period of three years. The measurement uncertainty at the 95% confidence interval includes a stability component which has been estimated from annual stability trials. The long-term stability of the compound in solution has not been examined.

Homogeneity assessment: The homogeneity of the material was assessed using purity assay by GC-FID on ten randomly selected 1-2 mg sub samples of the material. The material was judged to be sufficiently homogeneous at this level of sampling as the variation in analysis results between samples was not significantly different at a 95% confidence level from that observed on repeat analysis of the same sample.

Safety: Treat as a hazardous substance. Use appropriate work practices when handling to avoid skin or eye contact, ingestion or inhalation of dust. Refer to the provided safety data sheet.

S.R. Davies

Dr Stephen R. Davies, Team Leader, Chemical Reference Materials, NMI. 24 June 2024

This report supersedes any issued prior to 21 June 2024

NATA Accreditation No. 198 / Corporate Site No. 14214.

CIPM MRA notice: This certificate is consistent with the capabilities that are included in Appendix C of the CIPM MRA drawn up by the CIPM. Under the CIPM MRA, all participating institutes recognize the validity of each other's calibration and measurement certificates for the quantities, ranges and measurement uncertainties specified in Appendix C. The "CIPM MRA Logo" and this statement attest only to the measurement(s) applied for determining the certified values on the certificate (for details see http://www.bipm.org).

Legal notice: Terms and Conditions associated with the provision of this reference material can be found on the NMIA website.

Characterisation Report:

The identity was confirmed by a range of spectroscopic techniques, NMR, IR and MS. The certified purity value by qNMR was obtained using the four-proton doublet at 6.6 ppm measured against a certified internal standard of dimethyl sulfone. Supporting evidence is provided by a combination of traditional analytical techniques, including GC-FID, thermogravimetric analysis, Karl Fischer analysis, ¹H NMR spectroscopy and elemental microanalysis.

QNMR:	Instrument: Field strength: Solvent: Internal standard: Initial analysis:	Bruker Avance-III-500 500 MHz Benzene- d_6 (7.16 ppm) Dimethyl sulfone (100.0% mass fraction) Mean (6.6 ppm) = 99.3%, s = 0.3% (4 sub samples, April 2020)
GC-FID:	Instrument: Column: Program: Injector: Detector Temp: Carrier: Split ratio:	Varian CP-3800 OR Agilent 8890 VF-1MS, 30 m × 0.32 mm l.D. × 0.25 μm 170 °C (1 min), 10 °C/min to 300 °C (3 min) 250 °C 320 °C Helium 20/1
	Relative mass fraction Initial analysis: Re-analysis:	of the main component: Mean = 100.0%, s = 0.01% (10 sub samples in duplicate, April 2020) Mean = 99.93%, s = 0.01% (5 sub samples in duplicate, June 2024)
Karl Fischer and	alysis:	Moisture content ≤ 0.2% mass fraction (April 2020 and May 2024)
Thermogravime	etric analysis:	Volatile content could not be determined due to the volatility of the material.

Spectroscopic and other characterisation data

GC-MS:		Agilent 6890/5973 DB-5MS, 30 m x 0.25 mm l.D. x 0.25 μ m 170 °C (1 min), 10 °C/min to 300 °C (3 min) 250 °C 20/1 280 °C Helium 50-550 <i>m/z</i> e parent compound is reported with the major peaks in the mass spectra. The latter are
	Parent (10.8 min):	ge ratios and (in brackets) as a percentage relative to the base peak. 410 (31), 408 (89), 406 (100), 404 (39), 336 (25), 292 (41), 246 (50), 176, (81), 123 (32), 105 (25), 88 (24), 75 (16) <i>m/z</i>
TLC:	Conditions:	Kieselgel 60F ₂₅₄ . Hexane Single spot observed, R_f = 0.7. Visualisation by UV at 254 nm.
IR:	Instrument: Range: Peaks:	Biorad FTS300MX FT-IR 4000-400 cm ⁻¹ , KBr Pellet. 3083, 3065, 1903, 1584, 1485, 1392, 1071, 1011, 858, 824, 790 cm ⁻¹
¹ H NMR:	Instrument: Field strength: Solvent: Spectral data:	Bruker Avance III-500 500 MHz $CDCI_3$ (7.26 ppm) δ 7.14 (1H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.48 (1H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz) ppm Isopropanol estimated at 0.1% mass fraction observed in the ¹ H NMR (June 2024)
¹³ C NMR:	Instrument: Field strength: Solvent: Spectral data:	Bruker Avance III-500 126 MHz CDCI₃ (77.16 ppm) δ 120.7, 122.7, 131.2, 131.8, 137.9, 138.5 ppm
Melting point:		123-124 °C
Microanalysis:	Found: Calculated:	C = 41.4 %; H = 1.9 % (May 2020) C = 41.3 %; H = 2.0 % (Calculated for $C_{14}H_8Br_2Cl_2$)