

Australian Government

Department of Industry, Science and Resources

National Measurement Institute



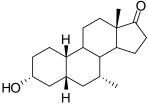
CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NMIA S047: 7α-Methyl-5β-estran-3α-ol-17-one

Report ID: S047.2024.01 (Ampouled 190509)

Chemical Formula: C₁₉H₃₀O₂

Molecular Weight: 290.4 g/mol



Certified value

| Batch No. | CAS No. | Mass per ampoule |
|-----------|---------------|------------------|
| 19-S-02 | Not available | 989 ± 14 μg |

The uncertainty has been calculated according to ISO Guide 35 and is stated at the 95% confidence limit (k = 2).

IUPAC name: 7α -Methyl- $(3\alpha,5\beta)$ -3-hydroxyestran-17-one.

Expiration of certification: The property values are valid till 21 June 2029, five years from the date of re-certification provided the **unopened** material is handled and stored in accordance with the recommendations below. The material as issued in the unopened container and stored as recommended below should be suitable for use beyond this date, subject to confirmation of batch stability from the issuing body. The expiry date/shelf life does not apply to ampoules that have been opened. In such cases it is recommended that the end-user conduct their own in-house stability trials.

Description: The compound is supplied as a dried aliquot in a sealed ampoule and is intended for a single use to prepare a standard solution containing S047. This material was prepared by synthesis and certified for identity and purity by NMIA.

Intended use: This certified reference material is suitable for use as a primary calibrator.

Instructions for use: Open the ampoule and carefully rinse the interior at least three times with a suitable organic solvent (e.g. chloroform). This will transfer 989 \pm 14 μ g of anhydrous 7 α -methyl-5 β -estran-3 α -ol-17-one.

Recommended storage: When not in use, this material should be stored at or below 4 °C in a closed container in a dry, dark area.

Metrological traceability: The certified purity value is traceable to the SI unit for mass (kg) through Australian national standards via balance calibration. In the mass balance all impurities are quantified as a mass fraction and subtracted from 100%.

Stability: This material has demonstrated stability over a period of five years. The measurement uncertainty at the 95% confidence interval includes a stability component which has been estimated from annual stability trials.

The long-term stability of the compound in solution has not been examined.

Homogeneity assessment: The homogeneity of the material was assessed using purity assay by GC-FID on seven randomly selected ampoules of the material. The material was judged to be sufficiently homogeneous at this level of sampling as the variation in analysis results between samples was not significantly different at a 95% confidence level from that observed on repeat analysis of the same sample.

Safety: Treat as a hazardous substance. Use appropriate work practices when handling to avoid skin or eye contact, ingestion or inhalation of dust. Refer to the provided safety data sheet.

S.R. Davies

Dr Stephen R. Davies, Team Leader, Chemical Reference Materials, NMI. 9 July 2024

This report supersedes any issued prior to 9 July 2024.

NATA Accreditation No. 198 / Corporate Site No. 14214.

Legal notice: Terms and Conditions associated with the provision of this reference material can be found on the NMIA website.

Characterisation Report:

| GC-FID: | Instrument: Column: Program: Injector: Detector Temp: Carrier: Split ratio: | Varian CP-3800 or Agilent 7890 HP-1, 30 m × 0.32 mm I.D. × 0.25 μm 200 °C (1 min), 3 °C/min to 240 °C, 30 °C/min to 300 °C (3 min) 250 °C 320 °C Helium 20/1 |
|---------|---|--|
| | Relative mass fraction o Initial analysis: Re-analysis: Re-analysis: Re-analysis: Re-analysis: Re-analysis: | f the main component: Mean = 98.8%, s = 0.01% (7 ampoules in duplicate, May 2019) Mean = 98.8%, s = 0.01% (5 ampoules in duplicate, May 2020) Mean = 98.8%, s = 0.01% (5 ampoules in duplicate, June 2021) Mean = 98.9%, s = 0.00% (5 ampoules in duplicate, May 2022) Mean = 98.8%, s = 0.04% (5 ampoules in duplicate, June 2024) |

The following analytical data was obtained on the bulk material subsequently used in the preparation of the ampoules.

The identity was confirmed by a range of spectroscopic techniques, NMR, IR and MS. The certified purity value was obtained by mass balance from a combination of traditional analytical techniques, including GC-FID, thermogravimetric analysis, Karl Fischer analysis and ¹H NMR spectroscopy. The purity value is calculated as per Equation 1.

```
Purity = (100 % - I<sub>ORG</sub>) x (100 % - I<sub>VOL</sub> - I<sub>NVR</sub>) Equation 1
```

 I_{ORG} = Organic impurities of related structure, I_{VOL} = volatile impurities, I_{NVR} = non-volatile residue.

Supporting evidence is provided by elemental microanalysis.

| GC-FID: | Instrument: | Varian CP-3800 |
|------------------|---|---|
| | Column: | HP-1, 30 m × 0.32 mm l.D. × 0.25 μm |
| | Program: | 180 °C (1 min), 15 °C/min to 240 °C (7 min), 30 °C/min to 260 °C (5 min), 30 °C/min to 280 °C (5 min) |
| | Injector: | 250 °C |
| | Detector Temp: | 320 °C |
| | Carrier: | Helium |
| | Split ratio: | 20/1 |
| | Relative mass fraction of the main component: | |
| | Initial analysis: | Mean = 98.7% , s = 0.1% (7 sub samples in duplicate, March 2019) |
| Karl Fischer and | alysis: | Moisture content \leq 0.1% mass fraction (March 2019) |
| Thermogravime | tric analysis: | Volatiles content 0.4% and non-volatile residue < 0.2% mass fraction (March 2019) |

Spectroscopic and other characterisation data

| GC-MS: | Parent compound: Instrument: Column: Program: Injector: Split ratio: Transfer line temp: Carrier: Scan range: | HP6890/5973 HP-5, 30 m × 0.32 mm l.D. × 0.25 μm 180 °C (1 min), 30 °C/min to 250 °C (10 min), 30 °C/min to 300 °C (3 min) 250 °C 20/1 280 °C Helium, 1.0 mL/min 50-550 <i>m/z</i> | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| | <i>Bis</i> -TMS derivative: Instrument: Column: Program: Injector: Split ratio: Transfer line temp: Carrier: Scan range: | HP 6890/5973 HP-5, 30 m × 0.32 mm l.D. × 0.25 μm 180 °C (1 min), 30 °C/min to 250 °C (10 min), 30 °C/min to 300 °C (3 min) 250 °C 20/1 280 °C Helium 50-550 <i>m/z</i> | |
| | The retention times of the parent compound and <i>bis</i> -TMS derivative are reported with the major peaks in the mass spectra. The latter are reported as mass/charge ratios and (in brackets) as a percentage relative to the base peak. | | |
| | Parent (9.4 min): <i>Bis</i> -TMS (7.6 min): | 290 (M ⁺ , 100), 272 (53), 244 (43), 215 (68), 201 (52), 173 (42), 159 (51), 145 (57), 119 (57), 105 (80), 93 (66), 79 (83), 67 (73), 55 (67) <i>m/z</i> 432 (M ⁺ , 36), 417 (34), 206 (22), 194 (100), 73 (73) <i>m/z</i> | |
| TLC: | Conditions: | Kieselgel 60F ₂₅₄ . Chloroform/ethyl acetate (4:1). | |
| TLO. | Conditions. | Single spot observed, $R_f = 0.4$. | |
| IR: | Instrument: Range: Peaks: | Bruker Alpha Platinum ATR 4000-400 cm ⁻¹ , neat 3510, 2908, 2852, 1720, 1451, 1384, 1281, 1258, 1075, 1025, 471, 453 cm ⁻¹ | |
| ¹ H NMR: | Instrument: Field strength: Solvent: Spectral data: | Bruker Avance III-500 500 MHz CDCl ₃ (7.26 ppm) δ 0.87 (3H, s), 1.02 (3H, d, <i>J</i> = 7.6 Hz), 1.06-1.28 (4H, m), 1.36 (1H, m), 1.42-1.54 (4H, m), 1.58-1.70 (4H, m), 1.73-1.97 (8H, m), 2.08 (1H, dt, <i>J</i> = 19.0, 9.0 Hz), 2.44 (1H, dd, <i>J</i> = 8.3, 18.6 Hz), 3.49 (1H, m) ppm | |
| ¹³ C NMR: | Instrument: Field strength: Solvent: Spectral data: | Bruker Avance III-500 126 MHz CDCI₃ (77.16 ppm) δ□13.7, 17.3, 21.7, 25.2, 26.1, 29.0, 30.4, 31.3, 31.6, 35.9, 36.0, 38.8, 40.1, 41.9, 43.8, 47.0, 48.0, 72.0, 221.5 ppm | |
| Melting point: | | 147-148 °C | |
| Microanalysis: | Found: Calculated: | C = 78.2%; H = 10.5% (March 2019) C = 78.6%; H = 10.4% (Calculated for $C_{19}H_{30}O_2$) | |